CHM 228 Exam 1b Summer 2018

Multiple Choice

Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.



- 1. The amount of energy in infrared light corresponds to:
 - the amount of energy needed to promote one electron from a bonding to an antibonding molecular orbital
 - the amount of energy needed to fragment a molecule
 - the amount of energy needed to strip a molecule of one electron to generate a cation radical
 - d. the amount of energy needed to increase certain molecular motions, such as bond vibrations, in organic molecules



2. Which of the following compounds gives an infrared spectrum with a peak at ~1750 cm⁻¹, but no significant peaks at 3000-3500 cm⁻¹ or 1050-1250 cm⁻¹?

a.

Problem

2 3/60 / 1200

- 3. Cyclohexene and hex-2-yne both have the molecular formula, C₆H₁₀.
 - a) How would you use infrared spectroscopy to distinguish between the two compounds?
 - b) How could the mass spectrum be used to distinguish between the two compounds?

4. At what approximate positions might the compound below-show IR absorptions?

$$N \equiv C - CH_2 - C - OCH_2CH_3$$

$$\begin{cases} 7 \\ 2 & 100 \end{cases}$$

5. Which type of spectroscopy (IR or MS) will best distinguish between the pair of compounds below? Give a brief reason.

6. Treatment of tert-butyl alcohol with hydrogen chloride yields a mixture of tert-butyl chloride and 2-methylpropene.

Treatment of tert-butyl alcohol with hydrogen chloride yields a mixture of tert-2-methylpropene.

(CH₃)₃COH

HCl

(CH₃)₃CCl

+ (CH₃)₂C=CH₂
$$\swarrow$$
 5 - 6 PP M

- After chromatographic separation, how would you use ¹H NMR to help you decide which was which?
- b)

Short Answer

7. What is the maximum number of nearest neighbors the a hydrogen atom in an organic compound can have? Draw a structure of a compound that demonstrates this.

8. Which feature in the ¹H NMR spectrum provides information about the electronic environment of the protons in a compound? CHEMICAL SHIFT

9. On each of the next three pages, identify the compounds (one on each page)

What is the structure? The formula is C_6H_6NBr .





